
LdapCherry - Directory Management Interface

Release 1.1.1

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CHAPTER 1

Install

1.1 From the sources

Download the latest release from [GitHub](#).

```
$ tar -xf ldapcherry*.tar.gz  
$ cd ldapcherry*  
$ python setup.py install
```

Alternatively, you can install from git:

```
$ git clone https://github.com/kakwa/ldapcherry  
$ cd ldapcherry  
$ python setup.py install
```

1.2 Installed files

ldapCherry install directories are:

- **/etc/ldapcherry/** (configuration)
- **dist-package** or **site-packages** of your distribution (LdapCherry modules)
- **/usr/share/ldapcherry/** (static content (css, js, images...) and templates)

These directories can be changed by exporting the following variables before launching the install command:

```
# optional, default sys.prefix + 'share' (/usr/share/ on most Linux)  
$ export DATAROOTDIR=/usr/local/share/  
  
# optional, default /etc/  
$ export SYSCONFDIR=/usr/local/etc/
```

Note: if –root is passed, the install prefix is honored for these directories

Warning: If you change these directories, **templates.dir** and **tools.staticdir.dir** in *ldapcherry.ini* need to be modified accordingly.

CHAPTER 2

Deploy

LdapCherry aims to be as simple as possible to deploy. The Application is constituted of:

- ldapcherryd: the daemon to launch LdapCherry.
- one ini file (ldapcherry.ini by default): the entry point for the configuration, containing all the “technical” attributes.
- two yaml files (roles.yml and attributes by default): the files containing the roles and attributes definition.

The default configuration directory is **/etc/ldapcherry/**.

2.1 Launch

LdapCherry is launched using the internal cherrypy server:

```
# ldapcherryd help
$ ldapcherryd -h

# launching ldapcherryd in the foreground
$ ldapcherryd -c /etc/ldapcherry/ldapcherry.ini

# launching ldapcherryd in the foreground in debug mode
$ ldapcherryd -c /etc/ldapcherry/ldapcherry.ini -D

# launching ldapcherryd as a daemon
$ ldapcherryd -c /etc/ldapcherry/ldapcherry.ini -p /var/run/ldapcherry/ldapcherry.pid
  ↵-d
```

2.2 Roles and Attributes Configuration

2.2.1 Entry point in main configuration

The main configuration file (**ldapcherry.ini** by default) contains two parameters locating the roles and attributes configuration files:

Parameter	Section	Description	Values
attributes.file	attributes	Attributes configuration file	Path to conf file
roles.file	roles	Roles configuration file	Path to conf file

2.2.2 Attributes Configuration

The attributes configuration is done in a yaml file (**attributes.yml** by default).

Mandatory parameters

The mandatory parameters for an attribute, and their format are the following:

```
<attr id>:  
    description: <Human readable description of the attribute>  
    ↪# (free text)  
    display_name: <Display name in LdapCherry forms>  
    ↪# (free text)  
    weight: <weight controlling the display order of the attributes, lower is first>  
    ↪# (integer)  
    type: <type of the attributes>  
    ↪# (in ['int', 'string', 'email', 'stringlist', 'fix', 'textfield'])  
    backends:  
    ↪# (list of backend attributes name)  
        - <backend id 1>: <backend 1 attribute name>  
        - <backend id 2>: <backend 2 attribute name>
```

Warning: <attr id> (the attribute id) must be unique, LdapCherry won't start if it's not.

Warning: <backend id> (the backend id) must be defined in main ini configuration file. LdapCherry won't start if it's not.

Type listing

The following **type** are supported:

- **int**: an integer (ex: uid)
- **string**: a string (ex: first name)
- **stringlist**: a string to choose from a given list of strings (ex: one of /bin/sh, /bin/bash /bin/zsh for a shell)
- **textfield**: free multiline text (ex: an SSH key)

- **email**: an email address
- **fix**: a fix value, only present shown information purposes

Type stringlist values

If **type** is set to **stringlist** the parameter **values** must be filled with the list of possible values:

```
<attr id>:
    description: <Human readable description of the attribute>
    display_name: <Display name in LdapCherry forms>
    weight: <weight controlling the display order of the attributes)

    type: stringlist
    values:
        - value1
        - value2
        - value3

    backends:
        - <backend id>: <backend attribute name>
```

Key attribute:

One attribute must be used as a unique key across all backends.

It acts as a reconciliation key.

It also marks which attribute must be used within ldapcherry (ex: querysting parameter in links) to point to one given user.

To set the key attribute, you must set **key** to **True** on this attribute.

Example:

```
uid:
    description: "UID of the user"
    display_name: "UID"
    search_displayed: True
    key: True                                # defining the attribute as "key"
    type: string
    weight: 50
    backends:
        ldap: uid
        ad: sAMAccountName
```

Authorize self modification

A user can modify some of his attributes (self modification). In such case, the parameter **self** must set to **True**:

```
<attr id>:
    description: <Human readable description of the attribute>
    display_name: <Display name in LdapCherry forms>
    weight: <weight controlling the display order of the attributes)
    type: <type of the attributes>
```

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```
self: True

backends:
- <backend id 1>: <backend 1 attribute name>
- <backend id 2>: <backend 2 attribute name>
```

Autofill

LdapCherry has the possibility to auto-fill fields from other fields, to use this functionnality **autofill** must be set.

Example:

```
gidNumber:
description: "Group ID Number of the user"
display_name: "GID Number"
weight: 70
type: int

autofill:
function: lcUidNumber # name of the function to call
args: # list of arguments
- $first-name #
- $name
- '10000'
- '40000'

backends:
ldap: gidNumber
```

Arguments of the **autofill** function work as follow:

- if argument starts with \$, for example **\$my_field**, the value of form input **my_field** will be passed to the function.
- otherwise, it will be treated as a fixed argument.

Available **autofill** functions:

- lcUid: generate 8 characters ascii uid from 2 other fields (first letter of the first field, 7 first letters of the second):

```
autofill:
function: lcUid
args:
- $first-name
- $name
```

- lcDisplayName: concatenate two fields (with a space as separator):

```
autofill:
function: lcDisplayName
args:
- $first-name
- $name
```

- lcMail: generate an email address from 2 other fields and a domain (<uid>+domain):

```
autofill:
    function: lcMail
    args:
        - $first-name
        - $name
        - '@example.com'
```

- lcUidNumber: generate an uid number from 2 other fields and between a minimum and maximum value:

```
autofill:
    function: lcUidNumber
    args:
        - $first-name
        - $name
        - '10000'
        - '40000'
```

- lcHomeDir: generate an home directory from 2 other fields and a root (<root>+<uid>):

```
autofill:
    function: lcHomeDir
    args:
        - $first-name
        - $name
        - /home/
```

2.2.3 Roles Configuration

The roles configuration is done in a yaml file (**roles.yml** by default).

Mandatory parameters

Roles are seen as an aggregate of groups:

```
<role id>:
    display_name: <role display name in LdapCherry>
    description: <human readable role description>
    backends_groups:
        <backend id 1>:                                # list of backends
            - <b1 group 1>                            # list of groups in backend
            - <b1 group 2>
        <backend id 2>:
            - <b2 group 1>
            - <b2 group 2>
```

Warning: <role id> must be unique, LdapCherry won't start if it's not

Defining LdapCherry Administrator role

At least one of the declared roles must be tagged to be LdapCherry administrators.

Doing so is done by setting **LC_admins** to **True** for the selected role:

```
<role id>:  
    display_name: <Role display name in LdapCherry>  
    description: <human readable role description>  
  
    LC_admins: True  
  
    backends_groups:  
        <backend id 1>: # list of backends  
            - <b1 group 1> # list of groups in backend  
            - <b1 group 2>  
        <backend id 2>:  
            - <b2 group 1>  
            - <b2 group 2>
```

Nesting roles

LdapCherry handles roles nesting:

```
parent_role:  
    display_name: Role parent  
    description: The parent role  
    backends_groups:  
        backend_id_1:  
            - b1_group_1  
            - b1_group_2  
        backend_id_2:  
            - b2_group_1  
            - b2_group_2  
    subroles:  
        child_role_1:  
            display_name: Child role 1  
            description: The first Child Role  
            backends_groups:  
                backend_id_1:  
                    - b1_group_3  
        child_role_2:  
            display_name: Child role 2  
            description: The second Child Role  
            backends_groups:  
                backend_id_1:  
                    - b1_group_4
```

In that case, child_role_1 and child_role_2 will contain all groups of parent_role plus their own specific groups.

2.3 Main Configuration

2.3.1 Webserver

LdapCherry uses the embedded http server of CherryPy, however it has some limitations:

- no listening on port 80/443 (unless run as root, which is strongly discourage)
- no https

The simpler way to properly deploy LdapCherry is to run it listening only on localhost with a port above 1024 and put it behind an http server like nginx, apache or lighttpd acting as a reverse http(s) proxy.

Parameter	Section	Description	Values	Comment
server.socket_host		Listening IP	IP on which to listen	Use '0.0.0.0' to listen on any interfaces.
server.socket_port		Listening Port	TCP Port	
server.thread_pool		Number of threads created by the CherryPy server	Number of threads	
tools.staticdir.on	/static	Serve static files through LdapCherry	True, False	These files could be served directly by an HTTP server for better performance.
tools.staticdir.dir	/static	Directory containing LdapCherry static resources (js, css, img...)	Path to static resources	

example:

```
[global]

# listing interface
server.socket_host = '127.0.0.1'
# port
server.socket_port = 8080
# number of threads
server.thread_pool = 8

# enable cherrypy static handling
# to comment if static content are handled otherwise
[/static]
tools.staticdir.on = True
tools.staticdir.dir = '/usr/share/ldapcherry/static/'
```

2.3.2 Backends

Backends are configured in the **backends** section, the format is the following:

```
[backends]

# backend python module path
<backend id>.module = <python.module.path>

# display name of the backend in forms
<Backend id>.display_name = <display name of the backend>

# parameters of the module instance for backend <backend id>.
<backend id>.param = <value>
```

It's possible to instantiate the same module several times.

2.3.3 Authentication and sessions

LdapCherry supports several authentication modes:

Parameter	Section	Description	Values	Comment
auth.mode	auth	Authentication mode	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • ‘and’ (user must auth on all backends) • ‘or’ (user must auth on one of the backends) • ‘none’ (disable auth) • ‘custom’ (use custom auth module) 	
auth.module	auth	Custom auth module	python class path to module	only used if auth.mode='custom'
tools.sessions.timeout	global	Session timeout in minutes	Number of minutes	

Different session backends can also be configured (see CherryPy documentation for details)

```
[global]
# session configuration
# activate session
tools.sessions.on = True
# session timeout in minutes
tools.sessions.timeout = 10
# file session storage(to use if multiple processes,
# default is in RAM and per process)
#tools.sessions.storage_type = "file"
# session
#tools.sessions.storage_path = "/var/lib/ldapcherry/sessions"

[auth]
# Auth mode
# * and: user must authenticate on all backends
# * or: user must authenticate on one of the backend
# * none: disable authentication
# * custom: custom authentication module (need auth.module param)
auth.mode = 'or'

# custom auth module to load
#auth.module = 'ldapcherry.auth.modNone'
```

2.3.4 Logging

LdapCherry has two loggers, one for errors and applicative actions (login, del/add, logout...) and one for access logs.

Each logger can be configured to log to **syslog**, **file**, **stdout** or be disabled.

Logging parameters:

Parameter	Section	Description	Values	Comment
log.access_handler	global	Logger type for access log	'syslog', 'file', 'stdout', 'none'	
log.error_handler	global	Logger type for applicative log	'syslog', 'file', 'stdout', 'none'	
log.access_file	global	log file for access log	path to log file	only used if log.access_handler='file'
log.error_file	global	log file for applicative log	path to log file	only used if log.error_handler='file'
log.level	global	log level of LdapCherry	'debug', 'info', 'warning', 'error', 'critical'	

Example:

```
[global]

# logger syslog for access log
log.access_handler = 'syslog'
# logger syslog for error and ldapcherry log
log.error_handler = 'syslog'
# log level
log.level = 'info'
```

Warning: 'debug' should not be used in production.

It tends to log a lot. More significantly can represent a security issue, as things like passwords will be logged 'clear text'.

2.3.5 Custom javascript

It's possible to add custom javascript to LdapCherry, mainly to add custom autofill functions.

Configuration:

Parameter	Section	Description	Values	Comment
tools.staticdir.on	/custom	Serve custom js files through LdapCherry	True, False	These files could be served directly by an HTTP server for better performance.
tools.staticdir.dir	/custom	Directory containing custom js files	Path to static resources	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> custom js files must be put at the root if the directory only files ending with ".js" are taken into account

2.3.6 Other LdapCherry parameters

Parameter	Section	Description	Values
template_dir	resources	LdapCherry template directory	path to template dir

```
# resources parameters
[resources]
# templates directory
template_dir = '/usr/share/ldapcherry/templates/'
```

CHAPTER 3

Backends

3.1 Backend id prefix

Each parameter of a backend instance must be prefixed by a backend id. This backend id must be unique.

For example:

```
[backends]

# configuration of the bk1 backend
bk1.module = 'my.backend.module'
bk1.display_name = 'My backend module'
bk1.param = 'value'
```

Warning: For the rest of the backends documentation, this prefix is inferred.

3.2 Common backend parameters

Every backend instance systematically has two parameters:

Parameter	Section	Description	Values	Comment
module	backends	Library path to the module	Python library path	
display_name	backends	Display_name of the backend	Free text	

3.3 Ldap Backend

3.3.1 Class path

The class path for the ldap backend is **ldapcherry.backend.backendLdap**.

3.3.2 Configuration

The ldap backend exposes the following parameters:

Parameter	Section	Description	Values	Comment
uri	backends	The ldap uri to access	ldap uri	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> use <code>ldap://</code> for clear/starttls use <code>ldaps://</code> for ssl custom port: <code>ldap://<host>:<port></code>
ca	backends	Path to the CA file	file path	optional
starttls	backends	Use starttls	'on' or 'off'	optional
checkcert	backends	Check the server certificate	'on' or 'off'	optional
binddn	backends	The bind dn to use	ldap dn	This dn must have read/write permissions
password	backends	The password of the bind dn	password	
timeout	backends	Ldap connexion timeout	integer (second)	
password	backends	The password of the bind dn	password	
groupdn	backends	The ldap dn where groups are	ldap dn	
userdn	backends	The ldap dn where users are	ldap dn	
user_filter_tmpl	backends	The search filter template to recover a given user	ldap search filter template	The user identifier is passed through the username variable (%(username)s). username is the content of the the attribute marked by 'key: True' in the attributes.yml file
group_filter_tmpl	backends	The search filter template to recover the groups of a given user recover the groups of a given user	ldap search filter template	The following variables are usable: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> username: the user's key attribute userdn: the user's ldap dn
group_attr.<member attr>	backends	Member attribute template value	template	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <member attr> is the member attribute in groups dn entries every user attributes are exposed in the template
3.3. Ldap Backend				<ul style="list-style-type: none"> multiple <memver attr> attributes can be set (ex: 15)

3.3.3 Example

```
[backends]

#####
#   configuration of ldap backend   #
#####

# name of the module
ldap.module = 'ldapcherry.backend.backendLdap'
# display name of the ldap
ldap.display_name = 'My Ldap Directory'

# uri of the ldap directory
ldap.uri = 'ldap://ldap.ldapcherry.org'
# ca to use for ssl/tls connexion
#ldap.ca = '/etc/dnscherry/TEST-cacert.pem'
# use start tls
#ldap.starttls = 'off'
# check server certificate (for tls)
#ldap.checkcert = 'off'
# bind dn to the ldap
ldap.binddn = 'cn=dnscherry,dc=example,dc=org'
# password of the bind dn
ldap.password = 'password'
# timeout of ldap connexion (in second)
ldap.timeout = 1

# groups dn
ldap.groupdn = 'ou=group,dc=example,dc=org'
# users dn
ldap.userdn = 'ou=people,dc=example,dc=org'

# ldapsearch filter to get one specific user
# %(username)s is content of the attribute marked 'key: True' in the attributes.file_
# config file
ldap.user_filter_tmpl = '(uid=%(username)s)'
# ldapsearch filter to get groups of a user
# %(username)s is content of the attribute marked 'key: True' in the attributes.file_
# config file
ldap.group_filter_tmpl = '(member=uid=%(username)s,ou=People,dc=example,dc=org)'
# filter to search users
# %(searchstring)s is the content passed through the search box
ldap.search_filter_tmpl = '(|(uid=%(searchstring)s*)(sn=%(searchstring)s*))'

# ldap group attributes and how to fill them
# 'member' is the name of the attribute
# for the template, any of the user's ldap attributes can be user
ldap.group_attr.member = "%(dn)s"
# same with memverUid and the uid user's attribute
#ldap.group_attr.memberUid = "%(uid)s"

# object classes of a user entry
ldap.objectclasses = 'top, person, posixAccount, inetOrgPerson'
# dn entry attribute for an ldap user
ldap.dn_user_attr = 'uid'
```

3.4 Active Directory Backend

Warning: This backend needs the **cn** and **unicodePwd** attributes to be declared in attributes.yml

3.4.1 Class path

The class path for the ldap backend is **ldapcherry.backend.backendAD**.

3.4.2 Configuration

Parameter	Section	Description	Values	Comment
uri	backends	The ldap uri to access	ldap uri	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> use <code>ldap://</code> for clear/starttls use <code>ldaps://</code> for ssl custom port: <code>ldap://<host>:<port></code>
ca	backends	Path to the CA file	file path	optional
starttls	backends	Use starttls	'on' or 'off'	optional
checkcert	backends	Check the server certificat	'on' or 'off'	optional
domain	backends	Name of the domain	AD domain	
login	backends	login used for connecting to AD	login	user used must have sufficient rights
password	backends	password if binding user	password	

3.4.3 Example

```
[backends]

# Name of the backend
ad.module = 'ldapcherry.backend.backendAD'
# display name of the ldap
ad.display_name = 'My Active Directory'
# ad domain
ad.domain = 'dc.ldapcherry.org'
# ad login
ad.login = 'administrator'
# ad password
ad.password = 'qwertyP455'
# ad uri
ad.uri = 'ldap://ad.ldapcherry.org'

## ca to use for ssl/tls connexion
ad.ca = '/etc/dnscherry/TEST-cacert.pem'
```

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```
## use start tls
#ad.starttls = 'off'
## check server certificate (for tls)
#ad.checkcert = 'off'
```

3.5 Demo Backend

Warning: This backend is only meant for demo.

3.5.1 Class path

The class path for the ldap backend is **ldapcherry.backend.backendDemo**.

3.5.2 Configuration

Parameter	Section	Description	Values	Comment
admin.user	backends	Login for default admin	string	optional, default: 'admin'
admin.password	backends	Password for default admin	string	optional, default: 'admin'
admin.groups	backends	Groups for default admin	comma separated list	
basic.user	backends	Login for default user	string	optional, default: 'user'
basic.password	backends	Password for default user	string	optional, default: 'user'
basic.groups	backends	Groups for default user	comma separated list	
pwd_attr	backends	Password attribute name	string	
search_attributes	backends	Attributes used for search	comma separated list	

3.5.3 Example

```
[backends]

# path to the module
demo.module = 'ldapcherry.backend.backendDemo'
# display name of the module
demo.display_name = 'Demo Backend'

## admin user login (optional, default: 'admin')
#demo.admin.user = 'admin'
## admin user password (optional: default 'admin')
#demo.admin.password = 'admin'
# groups for the default admin user (comma separated)
demo.admin.groups = 'DnsAdmins'

## basic user login (optional, default: 'user')
#demo.basic.user = 'user'
## admin user password (optional: default 'user')
#demo.basic.password = 'user'
# groups for the default basic user (comma separated)
```

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```
demo.basic.groups = 'Test 2, Test 1'

# password attribute used for auth
demo.pwd_attr = 'userPassword'
# attributes to search on
demo.search_attributes = 'cn, sn, givenName, uid'
```


CHAPTER 4

Full Configuration

4.1 Main ini configuration file

```
# global parameters
[global]

# listing interface
server.socket_host = '127.0.0.1'
# port
server.socket_port = 8080

# it's also possible to run bound to a unix socket
#server.socket_file = '/tmp/lc.sock'

# number of threads
server.thread_pool = 8
#don't show traceback on error
request.show_tracebacks = False

# log configuration
# /!\ you can't have multiple log handlers
#####
#   configuration to log in files   #
#####
## logger 'file' for access log
#log.access_handler = 'file'
## logger syslog for error and ldapcherry log
#log.error_handler = 'file'
## access log file
#log.access_file = '/tmp/ldapcherry_access.log'
## error and ldapcherry log file
#log.error_file = '/tmp/ldapcherry_error.log'

#####
```

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```
# configuration to log to stdout #
#####
## logger stdout for access log
#log.access_handler = 'stdout'
## logger stdout for error and ldapcherry log
#log.error_handler = 'stdout'

#####
# configuration to log in syslog #
#####
# logger syslog for access log
#log.access_handler = 'syslog'
## logger syslog for error and ldapcherry log
log.error_handler = 'syslog'

#####
# configuration to not log at all #
#####
# logger none for access log
log.access_handler = 'none'
# logger none for error and ldapcherry log
#log.error_handler = 'none'

# log level
log.level = 'info'

# session configuration
# activate session
tools.sessions.on = True
# session timeout
tools.sessions.timeout = 10
# file session storage(to use if multiple processes,
# default is in RAM and per process)
#tools.sessions.storage_type = "file"
# session
#tools.sessions.storage_path = "/var/lib/ldapcherry/sessions"

[attributes]

# file describing form content
attributes.file = '/etc/ldapcherry/attributes.yml'

[roles]

# file listing roles
roles.file = '/etc/ldapcherry/roles.yml'

[backends]

#####
# configuration of ldap backend #
#####

# name of the module
ldap.module = 'ldapcherry.backend.backendLdap'
# display name of the ldap
ldap.display_name = 'My Ldap Directory'
```

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```

# uri of the ldap directory
ldap.uri = 'ldap://ldap.ldapcherry.org'
# ca to use for ssl/tls connexion
#ldap.ca = '/etc/dnscherry/TEST-cacert.pem'
# use start tls
#ldap.starttls = 'off'
# check server certificate (for tls)
#ldap.checkcert = 'off'
# bind dn to the ldap
ldap.binddn = 'cn=dnscherry,dc=example,dc=org'
# password of the bind dn
ldap.password = 'password'
# timeout of ldap connexion (in second)
ldap.timeout = 1

# groups dn
ldap.groupdn = 'ou=group,dc=example,dc=org'
# users dn
ldap.userdn = 'ou=people,dc=example,dc=org'

# ldapsearch filter to get one specific user
# %(username)s is content of the attribute marked 'key: True' in the attributes.file
# config file
ldap.user_filter_tmpl = '(uid=%(username)s)'
# ldapsearch filter to get groups of a user
# %(username)s is content of the attribute marked 'key: True' in the attributes.file
# config file
ldap.group_filter_tmpl = '(member=uid=%(username)s,ou=People,dc=example,dc=org)'
# filter to search users
# %(searchstring)s is the content passed through the search box
ldap.search_filter_tmpl = '|(uid=%(searchstring)s*)(sn=%(searchstring)s*))'

# ldap group attributes and how to fill them
# 'member' is the name of the attribute
# for the template, any of the user's ldap attributes can be user
ldap.group_attr.member = "%(dn)s"
# same with memverUid and the uid user's attribute
#ldap.group_attr.memberUid = "%(uid)s"

# object classes of a user entry
ldap.objectclasses = 'top, person, posixAccount, inetOrgPerson'
# dn entry attribute for an ldap user
ldap.dn_user_attr = 'uid'

#####
# configuration of ad backend
#####

## Name of the backend
ad.module = 'ldapcherry.backend.backendAD'
## display name of the ldap
ad.display_name = 'My Active Directory'
## ad domain
ad.domain = 'dc.ldapcherry.org'
## ad login
ad.login = 'administrator'

```

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```
## ad password
#ad.password = 'qwertyP455'
## ad uri
#ad.uri = 'ldap://ldap.ldapcherry.org'

## ca to use for ssl/tls connexion
#ad.ca = '/etc/dnscherry/TEST-cacert.pem'
## use start tls
#ad.starttls = 'off'
## check server certificate (for tls)
#ad.checkcert = 'off'

#####
# configuration of demo backend #
#####

## Name of the backend
#demo.module = 'ldapcherry.backend.backendDemo'
## Display name of the Backend
#demo.display_name = 'Demo Backend'
## Groups of admin user
#demo.admin.groups = 'DnsAdmins'
## Groups of basic user
#demo.basic.groups = 'Test 2, Test 1'
## Password attribute name
#demo.pwd_attr = 'userPassword'
## Attribute to use for the search
#demo.search_attributes = 'cn, sn, givenName, uid'
## Login of default admin user
#demo.admin.user = 'admin'
## Password of default admin user
#demo.admin.password = 'admin'
## Login of default basic user
#demo.basic.user = 'user'
## Password of default basic user
#demo.basic.password = 'user'

[ppolicy]

# password policy module
ppolicy.module = 'ldapcherry.ppolicy.simple'

# parameters of the module
min_length = 8
min_upper = 1
min_digit = 1

# authentication parameters
[auth]

# Auth mode
# * and: user must authenticate on all backends
# * or: user must authenticate on one of the backend
# * none: disable authentication
# * custom: custom authentication module (need auth.module param)
auth.mode = 'or'
```

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```

# custom auth module to load
#auth.module = 'ldapcherry.auth.modNone'

# resources parameters
[resources]
# templates directory
templates.dir = '/usr/share/ldapcherry/templates/'

[/static]
# enable serving static file through ldapcherry
# set to False if files served directly by an
# http server for better performance
tools.staticdir.on = True
# static resources directory (js, css, images...)
tools.staticdir.dir = '/usr/share/ldapcherry/static/'

## custom javascript files
#[/custom]
#
## enable serving static file through ldapcherry
## set to False if files served directly by an
## http server for better performance
#tools.staticdir.on = True

## path to directory containing js files
## use it to add custom auto-fill functions
#tools.staticdir.dir = '/etc/ldapcherry/custom_js/'
```

4.2 Yaml Attributes configuration file

```

cn:
  description: "First Name and Display Name"
  display_name: "Display Name"
  type: string
  weight: 30
  autofocus:
    function: lcDisplayName
    args:
      - $first-name
      - $name
  backends:
    ldap: cn
#      ad: cn
first-name:
  description: "First name of the user"
  display_name: "First Name"
  search_displayed: True
  type: string
  weight: 20
  backends:
    ldap: givenName
#      ad: givenName
name:
  description: "Family name of the user"
```

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```

display_name: "Name"
search_displayed: True
weight: 10
type: string
backends:
    ldap: sn
#        ad: sn
email:
    description: "Email of the user"
    display_name: "Email"
    search_displayed: True
    type: email
    weight: 40
    autofocus:
        function: lcMail
        args:
            - $first-name
            - $name
            - '@example.com'
    backends:
        ldap: mail
#        ad: mail
uid:
    description: "UID of the user"
    display_name: "UID"
    search_displayed: True
    key: True
    type: string
    weight: 50
    autofocus:
        function: lcUid
        args:
            - $first-name
            - $name
            - '10000'
            - '40000'
    backends:
        ldap: uid
#        ad: sAMAccountName
uidNumber:
    description: "User ID Number of the user"
    display_name: "UID Number"
    weight: 60
    type: int
    autofocus:
        function: lcUidNumber
        args:
            - $first-name
            - $name
            - '10000'
            - '40000'
    backends:
        ldap: uidNumber
#        ad: uidNumber
gidNumber:
    description: "Group ID Number of the user"
    display_name: "GID Number"

```

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```

weight: 70
type: int
default: '10000'
backends:
    ldap: gidNumber
#        ad: gidNumber
shell:
    description: "Shell of the user"
    display_name: "Shell"
    weight: 80
    self: True
    type: stringlist
    values:
        - /bin/bash
        - /bin/zsh
        - /bin/sh
    backends:
        ldap: loginShell
#            ad: loginShell
home:
    description: "Home user path"
    display_name: "Home"
    weight: 90
    type: string
    autofocus:
        function: lcHomeDir
        args:
            - $first-name
            - $name
            - /home/
    backends:
        ldap: homeDirectory
#            ad: homeDirectory
password:
    description: "Password of the user"
    display_name: "Password"
    weight: 31
    self: True
    type: password
    backends:
        ldap: userPassword
#            ad: unicodePwd

#logscript:
#    description: "Windows login script"
#    display_name: "Login script"
#    weight: 100
#    type: fix
#    value: login1.bat
#    backends:
#        ad: scriptPath

```

4.3 Yaml Roles configuration file

```
admin-lv3:
  display_name: Administrators Level 3
  description: Super administrators of the system
  backends_groups:
    ldap:
      - cn=dns admins,ou=Group,dc=example,dc=org
      - cn=nagios admins,ou=Group,dc=example,dc=org
      - cn=puppet admins,ou=Group,dc=example,dc=org
      - cn=users,ou=Group,dc=example,dc=org
    #
    ad:
      - Administrators
      - Group Policy Creator Owners
      - Enterprise Admins
      - Schema Admins
      - Domain Admins
    #

admin-lv2:
  display_name: Administrators Level 2
  description: Basic administrators of the system
  LC_admins: True
  backends_groups:
    ldap:
      - cn=nagios admins,ou=Group,dc=example,dc=org
      - cn=users,ou=Group,dc=example,dc=org
    #
    ad:
      - Administrators

developers:
  display_name: Developpers
  description: Developpers of the system
  backends_groups:
    ldap:
      - cn=developers,ou=Group,dc=example,dc=org
      - cn=users,ou=Group,dc=example,dc=org

users:
  display_name: Simple Users
  description: Basic users of the system
  backends_groups:
    ldap:
      - cn=users,ou=Group,dc=example,dc=org
```

CHAPTER 5

LdapCherry plugins list

If you have developed OSS LdapCherry plugins, please fill an [Issue Here](#) with a link to your plugin and a small description.

5.1 Password Policy plugins

- Cracklib PPolicy

5.2 Backend plugins

CHAPTER 6

Implementing cutom backends

6.1 API

The backend modules must respect the following API:

```
class ldapcherry.backend.Backend(config, logger, name, attrslist, key)
Bases: object
```

```
__init__(config, logger, name, attrslist, key)
Initialize the backend
```

Parameters

- **config** (*dict {‘config key’: ‘value’}*) – the configuration of the backend
- **logger** (*python logger*) – the cherrypy error logger object
- **name** (*string*) – id of the backend
- **attrslist** (*list of strings*) – list of the backend attributes
- **key** (*string*) – the key attribute

```
add_to_groups(username, groups)
Add a user to a list of groups
```

Parameters

- **username** (*string*) – ‘key’ attribute of the user
- **groups** (*list of strings*) – list of groups

```
add_user(attrs)
Add a user to the backend
```

Parameters **attrs** (*dict {<attr>: <value>}*) – attributes of the user

Warning: raise UserAlreadyExists if user already exists

auth (*username, password*)

Check authentication against the backend

Parameters

- **username** (*string*) – ‘key’ attribute of the user
- **password** (*string*) – password of the user

Return type boolean (True is authentication success, False otherwise)

del_from_groups (*username, groups*)

Delete a user from a list of groups

Parameters

- **username** (*string*) – ‘key’ attribute of the user
- **groups** (*list of strings*) – list of groups

Warning: raise GroupDoesntExist if group doesn’t exist

del_user (*username*)

Delete a user from the backend

Parameters **username** (*string*) – ‘key’ attribute of the user

get_groups (*username*)

Get a user’s groups

Parameters **username** (*string*) – ‘key’ attribute of the user

Return type list of groups

get_user (*username*)

Get a user’s attributes

Parameters **username** (*string*) – ‘key’ attribute of the user

Return type dict ({<attr>: <value>})

Warning: raise UserDoesntExist if user doesn’t exist

search (*searchstring*)

Search backend for users

Parameters **searchstring** (*string*) – the search string

Return type dict of dict ({<user attr key>: {<attr>: <value>} })

set_attrs (*username, attrs*)

Set a list of attributes for a given user

Parameters

- **username** (*string*) – ‘key’ attribute of the user
- **attrs** (*dict ({<attr>: <value>})*) – attributes of the user

6.2 Configuration

Configuration for your backend is declared in the main ini file, inside [backends] section:

For example with the configuration:

```
[backends]

# class path to module
b_id.module = "my.backend.module"

b_id.param1 = "my value 1"
b_id.param2 = "my value 2"
```

Note: One module can be instanciated several times, the prefix b_id permits to differentiate instances and their specific configuration.

The following hash will be passed as configuration to the module constructor as parameter config:

```
{
    'param1': "my value 1",
    'param2': "my value 2",
}
```

After having set `self.config` to `config` in the constructor, parameters can be recovered by `self.get_param`:

`class ldapcherry.backend.Backend(config, logger, name, attrslist, key)`

Bases: object

`get_param(param, default=None)`

Get a parameter in config (handle default value)

Parameters

- `param(string)` – name of the parameter to recover
- `default(string or None)` – the default value, raises an exception if param is not in configuration and default is None (which is the default value).

Return type the value of the parameter or the default value if not set in configuration

6.3 Exceptions

The following exception can be used in your module

`exception ldapcherry.exceptions.UserDoesntExist(user, backend)`

Bases: exceptions.Exception

`exception ldapcherry.exceptions.UserAlreadyExists(user, backend)`

Bases: exceptions.Exception

`exception ldapcherry.exceptions.GroupDoesntExist(group, backend)`

Bases: exceptions.Exception

These exceptions permit a nicer error handling and avoid a generic message to be thrown at the user.

6.4 Example

Here is the ldap backend module that comes with LdapCherry:

```
# -*- coding: utf-8 -*-
# vim:set expandtab tabstop=4 shiftwidth=4:
#
# The MIT License (MIT)
# LdapCherry
# Copyright (c) 2014 Carpentier Pierre-Francois

# This is a demo backend


import sys
import ldapcherry.backend
from ldapcherry.exceptions import UserDoesntExist, \
    GroupDoesntExist, MissingParameter, \
    UserAlreadyExists
import re
if sys.version < '3':
    from sets import Set as set


class Backend(ldapcherry.backend.Backend):

    def __init__(self, config, logger, name, attrslist, key):
        """ Initialize the backend

        :param config: the configuration of the backend
        :type config: dict {'config key': 'value'}
        :param logger: the cherrypy error logger object
        :type logger: python logger
        :param name: id of the backend
        :type name: string
        :param attrslist: list of the backend attributes
        :type attrslist: list of strings
        :param key: the key attribute
        :type key: string
        """
        self.config = config
        self._logger = logger
        self.users = {}
        self.backend_name = name
        admin_user = self.get_param('admin.user', 'admin')
        admin_password = self.get_param('admin.password', 'admin')
        admin_groups = set(
            self._basic_splitter(self.get_param('admin.groups')))
        )
        basic_user = self.get_param('basic.user', 'user')
        basic_password = self.get_param('basic.password', 'user')
        basic_groups = set(
            self._basic_splitter(self.get_param('basic.groups')))
        )
        pwd_attr = self.get_param('pwd_attr')
        self.search_attrs = set(
            re.split(r'\W+', self.get_param('search_attributes'))),
```

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```

        )
self.pwd_attr = pwd_attr
self.admin_user = admin_user
self.basic_user = basic_user
self.key = key
self.users[admin_user] = {
    key: admin_user,
    pwd_attr: admin_password,
    'groups': admin_groups,
}
self.users[basic_user] = {
    key: basic_user,
    pwd_attr: basic_password,
    'groups': basic_groups,
}

@staticmethod
def _basic_splitter(in_str):
    return [re.sub(r'(?<!\\)\\\'', ' ', x)
            for x in re.split(r'(?<!\\),\\W*', in_str)]


def _check_fix_users(self, username):
    if self.admin_user == username or self.basic_user == username:
        raise Exception('User cannot be modified')


def auth(self, username, password):
    """ Check authentication against the backend

    :param username: 'key' attribute of the user
    :type username: string
    :param password: password of the user
    :type password: string
    :rtype: boolean (True is authentication success, False otherwise)
    """
    if username not in self.users:
        return False
    elif self.users[username][self.pwd_attr] == password:
        return True
    return False


def add_user(self, attrs):
    """ Add a user to the backend

    :param attrs: attributes of the user
    :type attrs: dict ({<attr>: <value>})

    .. warning:: raise UserAlreadyExists if user already exists
    """
    username = attrs[self.key]
    if username in self.users:
        raise UserAlreadyExists(username, self.backend_name)
    self.users[username] = attrs
    self.users[username]['groups'] = set([])

def del_user(self, username):
    """ Delete a user from the backend

```

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```

:param username: 'key' attribute of the user
:type username: string

"""
self._check_fix_users(username)
try:
    del self.users[username]
except Exception as e:
    raise UserDoesntExist(username, self.backend_name)

def set_attrs(self, username, attrs):
    """ set a list of attributes for a given user

:param username: 'key' attribute of the user
:type username: string
:param attrs: attributes of the user
:type attrs: dict ({<attr>: <value>})
"""
self._check_fix_users(username)
for attr in attrs:
    self.users[username][attr] = attrs[attr]

def add_to_groups(self, username, groups):
    """ Add a user to a list of groups

:param username: 'key' attribute of the user
:type username: string
:param groups: list of groups
:type groups: list of strings
"""
self._check_fix_users(username)
current_groups = self.users[username]['groups']
new_groups = current_groups | set(groups)
self.users[username]['groups'] = new_groups

def del_from_groups(self, username, groups):
    """ Delete a user from a list of groups

:param username: 'key' attribute of the user
:type username: string
:param groups: list of groups
:type groups: list of strings

... warning:: raise GroupDoesntExist if group doesn't exist
"""
self._check_fix_users(username)
current_groups = self.users[username]['groups']
new_groups = current_groups - set(groups)
self.users[username]['groups'] = new_groups

def search(self, searchstring):
    """ Search backend for users

:param searchstring: the search string
:type searchstring: string
:rtype: dict of dict ( {<user attr key>: {<attr>: <value>}} )
"""

```

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```

ret = {}
for user in self.users:
    match = False
    for attr in self.search_attrs:
        if attr not in self.users[user]:
            pass
        elif re.search(searchstring + '.*', self.users[user][attr]):
            match = True
    if match:
        ret[user] = self.users[user]
return ret

def get_user(self, username):
    """ Get a user's attributes

    :param username: 'key' attribute of the user
    :type username: string
    :rtype: dict ( {<attr>: <value>} )

    .. warning:: raise UserDoesntExist if user doesn't exist
    """
    try:
        return self.users[username]
    except Exception as e:
        raise UserDoesntExist(username, self.backend_name)

def get_groups(self, username):
    """ Get a user's groups

    :param username: 'key' attribute of the user
    :type username: string
    :rtype: list of groups
    """
    try:
        return self.users[username]['groups']
    except Exception as e:
        raise UserDoesntExist(username, self.backend_name)

```


Implementing password policy modules

7.1 API

The password policy modules must respect following API:

`class ldapcherry.ppolicy.PPolicy(config, logger)`

`__init__(config, logger)`

 Password policy constructor

Parameters

- **config** (`dict { 'config key': 'value' }`) – the configuration of the ppolicy
- **logger** (`python logger`) – the cherrypy error logger object

`check(password)`

 Check if a password match the ppolicy

Parameters **password** (`string`) – the password to check

Return type dict with keys ‘match’ a boolean (True if ppolicy matches, False otherwise) and ‘reason’, an explanation string

`info()`

 Give information about the ppolicy

Return type a string describing the ppolicy

7.2 Configuration

Parameters are declared in the main configuration file, inside the **ppolicy** section.

After having set `self.config` to `config` in the constructor, parameters can be recovered by `self.get_param`:

```
class ldapcherry.ppolicy.PPolicy(config, logger)
```

```
get_param(param, default=None)
```

Get a parameter in config (handle default value)

Parameters

- **param** (*string*) – name of the parameter to recover
- **default** (*string or None*) – the default value, raises an exception if param is not in configuration and default is None (which is the default value).

Return type the value of the parameter or the default value if not set in configuration

7.3 Example

Here is the simple default ppolicy module that comes with LdapCherry:

```
# -*- coding: utf-8 -*-
# vim:set expandtab tabstop=4 shiftwidth=4:
#
# The MIT License (MIT)
# LdapCherry
# Copyright (c) 2014 Carpentier Pierre-Francois

import ldapcherry.ppolicy
import re

class PPolicy(ldapcherry.ppolicy.PPolicy):

    def __init__(self, config, logger):
        self.config = config
        self.min_length = self.get_param('min_length')
        self.min_upper = self.get_param('min_upper')
        self.min_digit = self.get_param('min_digit')

    def check(self, password):
        if len(password) < self.min_length:
            return {'match': False, 'reason': 'Password too short'}
        if len(re.findall(r'[A-Z]', password)) < self.min_upper:
            return {
                'match': False,
                'reason': 'Not enough uppercase characters'
            }
        if len(re.findall(r'[0-9]', password)) < self.min_digit:
            return {'match': False, 'reason': 'Not enough digits'}
        return {'match': True, 'reason': 'password ok'}

    def info(self):
        return \
            "/* Minimum length: %(len)d\n" \
            "/* Minimum number of uppercase characters: %(upper)d\n" \
            "/* Minimum number of digits: %(digit)d" % {
                'upper': self.min_upper,
                'len': self.min_length,
```

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```
'digit': self.min_digit  
}
```


CHAPTER 8

Changelog

8.1 Dev

8.2 Version 1.1.1

- [fix] fix double escaping issues introduced in 1.0.0
- [fix] fix missing url escaping in links with querystring parameters (delete and modify page mostly)
- [fix] fix log level not being honored in the backends
- [impr] clarify the role of ‘key: True’ of attributes.yml in the documentation
- [impr] add a few more comments in the .ini file to explain better the *_filter_tmpl and group_attr parameters
- [impr] add debug log to help debug ldap search filters

8.3 Version 1.1.0

- [feat] add stdout as a valid log method (useful when running with docker)

8.4 Version 1.0.1

- [fix] fix error handling when adding user that already exists

8.5 Version 1.0.0

- [sec] fix XSS injection in the url redirect in the login page (thanks to jthiltges)

- [fix] fix configuration consistency check for attribute file (error if a given backend is not declared in main .ini file but in attributes)
- [fix] remove a few deprecation warnings
- [fix] fix potential issue with group names containing non-ascii characters
- [feat] support for python 3
- [feat] support for python-ldap 3.X.X
- [impr] better log error message if inconsistency between role, attribute and main .ini file for backends
- [impr] more systematic use of html and url escaping in the html rendering to prevent against content injection (thanks to jthiltges)
- [impr] more testing for various versions of python and python-ldap

8.6 Version 0.5.2

- [fix] regression in 0.5.1, setup.py could not work without the dependencies already installed

8.7 Version 0.5.1

- [impr] cleaner align of labels (input-group-addon width)

8.8 Version 0.5.0

- [feat] add handling of textfield (thanks to Stan Rudenko)
- [fix] fix ldap.group_attr.<attr> handling with attr different than dn (uid for example)
- [impr] removing duplicate option in form select fields
- [impr] add dynamic resizing to align form labels (input-group-addon width)

8.9 Version 0.4.0

- [impr] add unit test for multi backend setup
- [fix] notify on add in case if user is already in one backend
- [fix] notify on modify in case if user is not in every backend
- [fix] delete user in all backends even if it doesn't exist in one of them
- [fix] fix bad handling of = or & in passwords in ppolicy checker (js)
- [fix] fix many encoding errors in AD backend
- [impr] add unit tests on AD backend
- [impr] display the admin result page if searching as admin in navbar form

8.10 Version 0.3.5

- [fix] fix error in ad backend when self modifying password

8.11 Version 0.3.4

- [impr] focus on first field for all forms
- [impr] add icon in navbar to return on /

8.12 Version 0.3.3

- [fix] add html escape for fields display
- [impr] disable minimum search lenght for admin search

8.13 Version 0.3.2

- [fix] fix many encoding errors on login and password

8.14 Version 0.3.1

- [fix] better and “html” correct display of user’s attributes

8.15 Version 0.3.0

- [impr] add focus on first input of forms
- [impr] add 404 (default) handler and its error page
- [feat] add a -D switch to ldapcherryd which enables logging to stderr in foreground
- [feat] print user’s attribute on index page

8.16 Version 0.2.5

- [fix] encoding issues for passwords and cn in ad backend
- [fix] fix minimum lenght of 3 in search (no empty search, and server side check)
- [impr] disable form autofilling (annoying in firefox), kind of a hack...

8.17 Version 0.2.4

- [fix] use post instead of get for ppolicy validation
- [fix] impose a minimum lenght of 3 for searches
- [fix] fix the maxuid in uid calculation in js

8.18 Version 0.2.3

- [fix] notifications missing in case of multiple notification waiting to be displayed
- [fix] password handling for Active Directory backend
- [fix] default attribute value handling
- [fix] corrections on exemple configuration
- [impr] explicite mandatory attributes for Active Directory backend

8.19 Version 0.2.2

- [fix] fix pypi release
- [impr] better error/log messages

8.20 Version 0.2.1

- [fix] fix doc

8.21 Version 0.2.0

- [feat] custom error messages for ppolicy error in forms
- [feat] add visual notifications after actions
- [impr] code reorganization
- [impr] better unit tests on the demo backend
- [impr] better unit tests on authentication

8.22 Version 0.1.0

- [feat] add demo backend
- [feat] add custom javascript hook
- [feat] add documentation for backends
- [feat] add the Active Directory backend

- [feat] add display name parameter for backends
- [fix] fix many encoding error in LDAP backend
- [fix] fix dn renaming of an entry in LDAP backend
- [impr] turn-off configuration monitoring
- [impr] better exception handling and debugging logs

8.23 Version 0.0.1

- [misc] first release

CHAPTER 9

Some Goodies

Here are some goodies that might help deploying LdapCherry

They are located in the **goodies/** directory.

9.1 Init Script

Sample init script for Debian:

```
#!/bin/sh

### BEGIN INIT INFO
# Provides:          ldapcherryd
# Required-Start:    $remote_fs $network $syslog
# Required-Stop:     $remote_fs $network $syslog
# Default-Start:    2 3 4 5
# Default-Stop:
# Short-Description: ldapcherry
### END INIT INFO

PIDFILE=/var/run/ldapcherryd/ldapcherryd.pid
CONF=/etc/ldapcherry/ldapcherry.ini
USER=www-data
GROUP=www-data
BIN=/usr/local/bin/ldapcherryd
OPTS="-d -c $CONF -p $PIDFILE"

. /lib/lsb/init-functions

if [ -f /etc/default/ldapcherryd ]; then
    . /etc/default/ldapcherryd
fi
```

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```

start_ldapcherryd() {
    log_daemon_msg "Starting ldapcherryd" "ldapcherryd" || true
    pidofproc -p $PIDFILE $BIN >/dev/null
    status="$?"
    if [ $status -eq 0 ]
    then
        log_end_msg 1
        log_failure_msg \
            "ldapcherryd already started"
        return 1
    fi
    mkdir -p `dirname $PIDFILE` -m 750
    chown $USER:$GROUP `dirname $PIDFILE`
    if start-stop-daemon -c $USER:$GROUP --start \
        --quiet --pidfile $PIDFILE \
        --oknodo --exec $BIN -- $OPTS
    then
        log_end_msg 0 || true
        return 0
    else
        log_end_msg 1 || true
        return 1
    fi
}

stop_ldapcherryd() {
    log_daemon_msg "Stopping ldapcherryd" "ldapcherryd" || true
    if start-stop-daemon --stop --quiet \
        --pidfile $PIDFILE
    then
        log_end_msg 0 || true
        return 0
    else
        log_end_msg 1 || true
        return 1
    fi
}

case "$1" in
    start)
        start_ldapcherryd
        exit $?
        ;;
    stop)
        stop_ldapcherryd
        exit $?
        ;;
    restart)
        stop_ldapcherryd
        while pidofproc -p $PIDFILE $BIN >/dev/null
        do
            sleep 0.5
        done
        start_ldapcherryd
        exit $?
        ;;

```

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```

status)
    status_of_proc -p $PIDFILE $BIN "ldapcherryd" \
        && exit 0 || exit $?
;;
*)
    log_action_msg \
    "Usage: /etc/init.d/ldapcherryd {start|stop|restart|status}" \
    || true
    exit 1
esac

exit 0

```

This init script is available in **goodies/init-debian**.

9.2 Apache Vhost

Basic Apache Vhost:

```
<VirtualHost *:80>

<Location />
    ProxyPass http://127.0.0.1:8080/
    ProxyPassReverse http://127.0.0.1:8080/
</Location>

</VirtualHost>
```

9.3 Nginx Vhost

Basic Nginx Vhost:

```
server {
    listen 80 default_server;

    server_name $hostname;
    #access_log /var/log/nginx/dnscherry_access_log;

    location / {
        proxy_pass http://127.0.0.1:8080;
        proxy_set_header X-Real-IP $remote_addr;
        proxy_set_header X-Forwarded-for $proxy_add_x_forwarded_for;
        proxy_set_header Host $host:$server_port;
        proxy_set_header X-Forwarded-Proto $remote_addr;
    }
}
```

9.4 Nginx Vhost (FastCGI)

Nginx Vhost in FastCGI mode:

```
server {
    listen 80 default_server;
    listen [::]:80 default_server;

    server_name _;

    location / {
        fastcgi_param REQUEST_METHOD $request_method;
        fastcgi_param QUERY_STRING $query_string;
        fastcgi_param CONTENT_TYPE $content_type;
        fastcgi_param CONTENT_LENGTH $content_length;
        fastcgi_param GATEWAY_INTERFACE CGI/1.1;
        fastcgi_param SERVER_SOFTWARE nginx/$nginx_version;
        fastcgi_param REMOTE_ADDR $remote_addr;
        fastcgi_param REMOTE_PORT $remote_port;
        fastcgi_param SERVER_ADDR $server_addr;
        fastcgi_param SERVER_PORT $server_port;
        fastcgi_param SERVER_NAME $server_name;
        fastcgi_param SERVER_PROTOCOL $server_protocol;
        fastcgi_param SCRIPT_FILENAME $fastcgi_script_name;
        fastcgi_param PATH_INFO $fastcgi_script_name;

        fastcgi_pass 127.0.0.1:8080;
    }
}
```

Warning: LdapCherry requires the python flup module to run in FastCGI

9.5 Lighttpd Vhost

Basic Lighttpd Vhost

```
server.modules += ("mod_proxy")

$http["host"] == "ldapcherry.kakwa.fr" {
    proxy.server = ( "" =>
        (( "host" => "127.0.0.1", "port" => 8080 ))
    )
}
```

9.6 Demo Backend Configuration Files

The files here are the ones that are used at the demo site at ldapcherry.kakwalab.ovh and can be used for a self-hosted demo backend:

```
description: "First Name and Display Name"
display_name: "Display Name"
type: string
weight: 30
autocomplete:
```

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```

function: lcDisplayName
args:
  - $first-name
  - $name
backends:
  demo: cn
first-name:
  description: "First name of the user"
  display_name: "First Name"
  search_displayed: True
  type: string
  weight: 20
backends:
  demo: givenName
name:
  description: "Family name of the user"
  display_name: "Name"
  search_displayed: True
  weight: 10
  type: string
backends:
  demo: sn
email:
  description: "Email of the user"
  display_name: "Email"
  search_displayed: True
  type: email
  weight: 40
  autofocus:
    function: lcMail
    args:
      - $first-name
      - $name
      - '@example.com'
backends:
  demo: mail
uid:
  description: "UID of the user"
  display_name: "UID"
  search_displayed: True
  key: True
  type: string
  weight: 50
  autofocus:
    function: lcUid
    args:
      - $first-name
      - $name
      - '10000'
      - '40000'
backends:
  demo: uid
uidNumber:
  description: "User ID Number of the user"
  display_name: "UID Number"
  weight: 60
  type: int

```

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```

autofill:
    function: lcUidNumber
    args:
        - $first-name
        - $name
        - '10000'
        - '40000'
backends:
    demo: uidNumber
gidNumber:
    description: "Group ID Number of the user"
    display_name: "GID Number"
    weight: 70
    type: int
    default: '10000'
    backends:
        demo: gidNumber
shell:
    description: "Shell of the user"
    display_name: "Shell"
    weight: 80
    self: True
    type: stringlist
    values:
        - /bin/bash
        - /bin/zsh
        - /bin/sh
    backends:
        demo: loginShell
home:
    description: "Home user path"
    display_name: "Home"
    weight: 90
    type: string
    autofill:
        function: lcHomeDir
        args:
            - $first-name
            - $name
            - /home/
    backends:
        demo: homeDirectory
password:
    description: "Password of the user"
    display_name: "Password"
    weight: 31
    self: True
    type: password
    backends:
        demo: userPassword

```

```

sec-officer:
    display_name: Security Officer
    description: Security officer of the system
    LC_admins: True
    backends_groups:

```

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```

demo:
    - SECOFF

admin-lv3:
    display_name: Administrators Level 3
    description: Super administrators of the system
    backends_groups:
        demo:
            - cn=dns admins,ou=Group,dc=example,dc=org
            - cn=nagios admins,ou=Group,dc=example,dc=org
            - cn=puppet admins,ou=Group,dc=example,dc=org
            - cn=users,ou=Group,dc=example,dc=org

admin-lv2:
    display_name: Administrators Level 2
    description: Basic administrators of the system
    backends_groups:
        demo:
            - cn=nagios admins,ou=Group,dc=example,dc=org
            - cn=users,ou=Group,dc=example,dc=org

developpers:
    display_name: Developpers
    description: Developpers of the system
    backends_groups:
        demo:
            - cn=developpers,ou=Group,dc=example,dc=org
            - cn=users,ou=Group,dc=example,dc=org

users:
    display_name: Simple Users
    description: Basic users of the system
    backends_groups:
        demo:
            - cn=users,ou=Group,dc=example,dc=org

```

```

[backends]
#####
#   configuration of demo backend   #
#####

# Name of the backend
demo.module = 'ldapcherry.backend.backendDemo'
# Display name of the Backend
demo.display_name = 'Demo Backend'
# Groups of admin user
demo.admin.groups = 'SECOFF'
# Groups of basic user
demo.basic.groups = 'Test 2, Test 1'
# Password attribute name
demo.pwd_attr = 'userPassword'
# Attribute to use for the search
demo.search_attributes = 'cn, sn, givenName, uid'
# Login of default admin user
demo.admin.user = 'admin'
# Password of default admin user
demo.admin.password = 'admin'
# Login of default basic user
demo.basic.user = 'user'
# Password of default basic user
demo.basic.password = 'user'

```


CHAPTER 10

Screenshots

CHAPTER 11

LdapCherry



Nice and simple application to manage users and groups in multiple directory services.

Doc [LdapCherry documentation on ReadTheDoc](#)

Dev [LdapCherry source code on GitHub](#)

PyPI [LdapCherry package on Pypi](#)

License MIT

Author Pierre-Francois Carpentier - copyright © 2016

CHAPTER 12

Demo

A demo is accessible here: <https://ldapcherry.kakwalab.ovh>

The credentials are:

- as administrator: admin/admin
- as user: user/user

Please take note that it's not possible to modify/delete the 'admin' and 'user' users.

Also take note that the service will be reseted once per day.

CHAPTER 13

Presentation

LdapCherry is a CherryPY application to manage users and groups in multiple directory services.

Its main features are:

- manage multiple directories/databases backends in an unified way
- roles management (as in “groups of groups”)
- autofocus forms
- password policy
- self modification of some selected fields by normal (non administrator) users
- nice bootstrap interface
- modular through pluggable authentication, password policy and backend modules

LdapCherry is not limited to ldap, it can handle virtually any user backend (ex: SQL database, htpasswd file, etc) through the proper plugin (provided that it is implemented ^^).

LdapCherry also aims to be as simple as possible to deploy: no crazy dependencies, few configuration files, extensive debug logs and full documentation.

The default backend plugins permit to manage Ldap and Active Directory.

CHAPTER 14

Screenshots

Screenshots.

CHAPTER 15

Try out

```
# clone the repository
$ git clone https://github.com/kakwa/ldapcherry && cd ldapcherry

# change the directory where to put the configuration (default: /etc)
$ export SYSCONFDIR=/etc
# change the directory where to put the resource (default: /usr/share)
$ export DATAROOTDIR=/usr/share/

# install ldapcherry
$ python setup.py install

# edit configuration files
$ vi /etc/ldapcherry/ldapcherry.ini
$ vi /etc/ldapcherry/roles.yml
$ vi /etc/ldapcherry/attributes.yml

# launch ldapcherry
$ ldapcherryd -c /etc/ldapcherry/ldapcherry.ini -D
```


CHAPTER 16

License

LdapCherry is published under the MIT Public License.

CHAPTER 17

Discussion / Help / Updates

- IRC: [Freenode #ldapcherry channel](#)
 - Bugtracker: [Github](#)
-



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